

## 6 U.S. History Chapter 18 Study Guide

- 19 1. In the Eisenhower Doctrine, President Eisenhower said that the United States would  
33 defend any country in the Middle East against an attack by any communist country.  
37 Congress approved this doctrine.
- 49 2. The Truman Doctrine provided approximately \$400 million dollars to Greece and  
63 Turkey. Truman supported this idea because he did not want Turkey and Greece to  
66 become communist countries.
- 81 3. The Marshall Plan was the economic plan that would provide \$12.5 billion dollars to  
95 foreign nations to prevent the spread of communism. The Soviet Union was trying to  
111 starve the people of West Germany by blocking all the roads into the country and force  
124 them to switch to communism. President Truman wanted to help West Germany and  
135 other western European nations remain democratic countries. The U.S. spent this  
151 money fly cargo planes into Berlin, the capital of West Germany, to feed the people and  
165 provide needed resources like coal for heat and medical supplies. The goal of the  
180 Marshall Plan, and especially the Berlin Airlift, was to force the leader of the Soviet  
194 Union, Joseph Stalin, to back off and allow West Germany to rebuild and someday  
195 thrive.
- 209 4. The Hungarian Uprising was the event that caused Britain and France to invade  
222 Egypt in 1956. In November 1956, Soviet Tanks rolled into Hungary and killed  
233 approximately 3,000 Hungarians. The Allied Countries wanted to help Hungary against  
247 the Soviet Union. The Allies did not want Hungary to become a communist country.
- 261 5. A Satellite Nation is when a country is dominated politically and economically by  
275 another nation. It serves as support to a mother country. Satellite nations also can  
288 provide extra security to the controlling nation, and by providing a buffer against  
294 invasion from an aggressive neighboring country.